

CASCARA SAGRADA TABLOIDS.

THESE are pure, pleasant to take, thoroughly active, and free from all the disadvantages that characterize other preparations of the drug. The value of Cascara Sagrada, when pure, in chronic constipation is generally known, and in the form of "Tabloids" it has given the full satisfaction. They may be swallowed without tasting.

Tabloids of Cascara Sagrada, are supplied by all Chemists.

Hong Kong Daily Press.

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HONGKONG, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7TH, 1890

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THE SEAL OF THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS.

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Publications, Printing, Binding, &c. should be addressed to the Manager.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be confined until such time as they are so ordered.

Orders for extra copies of the "Daily Press" should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication.

After the first copy is supplied.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE LET,

ON MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

CRAIGIEBURN, situated in the Peak District, 1,500 feet above sea level, lately in the occupation of the PEAK HOTEL COMPANY, containing 20 Bed-Rooms, Dining, Drawing and other Rooms, Gas and Water laid on, and every convenience.

DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE, TRAMWAY, SUPERB SCENERY.

Suitable for a Sanitorium or Private Boarding-House.

Apply to the Secretary,

PEAK HOTEL TRADING CO., LTD.

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

TO LET, FURNISHED,

POSESSION AT MARCH, 1891.

N. O. 1, QUEEN'S GARDENS, SEVEN ROOMS.

Apply to

J. LAMKE.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

THE REAL MASTERSYCHOIS,

THE MOST PERFECT AND NEWEST TRANSFORMATION OF OUR AGE.

Will open on the 12th inst. at No. 5, DAUGUAR STREET.

We ask the public very earnestly not to believe that this will become a common or trite object as the "Talking Head," "Magic without Body," the "Magic Lantern," "Panoramas" or Sleights of Hand, &c.; but we are going to exhibit the most remarkable and miraculous invention of transformation. The spectators will surely occupy your mind and shorten days without you being aware of the possibility of such things after you have visited the place.

Show commences from 5 P.M. to 11 P.M. every evening.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

First Class 50 cents. Second Class 25 cents, Children half price.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE SIXTH COMPETITION for the SUBSCRIPTION CHALLENGE CUPS and RANGES SPOONS will take place on SATURDAY next, the 13th instant, commencing at 3.30 p.m.

Ranges, 500 and 900 Yards; Seven Shots at each. Entrance Fee, 50 Cents.

A Launch will be provided for the P. & O. Pier at 3 P.M.

G. VIVIAN LADDIS, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

THEATRE ROYAL CITY HALL.

A VERITABLE TRIUMPH OF STANLEY'S OPERA COMPANY.

NO PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY (by request).

H. M. S. P. M. A. F. E.

Efficient Orchestra under the Conductorship of Mr. G. TREMBELL.

PRICES as follows: 2/-, 3/-, 4/-, 5/-, 6/-, 7/-, 8/-, 9/-, 10/-, 11/-, 12/-.

Military and Naval Officers to Messrs. Stately.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Standard.

"LIMEWOOD."

Captain G. Edwards, will be despatched for the above Port TO-DAY, the 8th instant, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

"MOUL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE, AND

YOKOHAMA.

The Steamer.

"GHAEZEE."

Captain Scottland, will be despatched as above TO-MORROW, the 10th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

This Steamer has superior passenger accommodation.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.

Agents.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

Douglas Steamship Company, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW.

The Company's Steamship.

"NAMOA."

Captain Peacock, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-MORROW, the 10th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LA PAIX & Co.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

FOR SINGAPORE, HAVRE, AND

HAMBURG.

(Taking cargo at through rates to ANTWERP,

AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, LIEGE, OPORTO,

LONDON, LIVERPOOL, AND BREMEN.)

The Steamer.

"ELECTRA."

Captain P. Miller, will be despatched for the above Ports on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at NOON.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.

Agents.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

"MOUL LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNERS.

S.S. "GHAEZEE."

FROM HAMBURG, GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNERS of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Howlown Wharf, Howlown Company at Amoy, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary, be given before NOON, TO-MORROW.

No claim will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining after the 15th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriters on or before the 15th inst., or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.

Agents.

Hongkong, 9th December, 1890.

PRIVATE BOARD & RESIDENCE.

Mrs. FALCONER has vacancies for

Gentlemen Resident Boarders at

Kowloon.

Hongkong, 10th January, 1891.

INTIMATIONS:

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

Under the distinguished patronage and presence of H.E. Hon. F. FLINN, C.M.G., the Acting Governor.

TO BE HELD IN THE

HALL OF THE CLUB LUSITANO;

THIS EVENING—TUESDAY,

the 8th Instant, at 6 P.M.

In Aid of the Fund for the ORGAN for the

Roman Catholic Cathedral.

Director—M. M. CATTANEO.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST PART.

1. Coro, "Ernest," by LADY & GENTLEMEN.

Vocals—Amateurs.

2. Aria, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss I. ALMADA & CHEMISTS, &c.

3. Polonaise in F Major, by Ponchiali.

4. Polonaise for Piano, by Mr. C. H. LAMBERT.

5. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss CAROLINA SOUZA.

6. "Forbidden Music," by Miss M. LAMBERT & CHEMISTS.

7. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss M. LAMBERT & CHEMISTS.

8. Grand Scene for Bass, "Don Carlos," by Mr. C. H. LAMBERT.

9. Selection from "Le Carnaval de Venise," by Mr. C. H. LAMBERT.

10. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss M. LAMBERT & CHEMISTS.

11. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss M. LAMBERT & CHEMISTS.

12. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss M. LAMBERT & CHEMISTS.

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35. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss M. LAMBERT & CHEMISTS.

36. Arioso, "Song of the Fisherman," by Miss M. L

INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.
(Isle THE HALL & HOLLY C. CO., LTD.)

EVENING WEAR.

DRESS SHIRTS.

DRESS TIES.

WHITE GLOVES.

LAVENDER GLOVES.

COURT'S SHOES.

SILK HOSIERY.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 24th November, 1890.

BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON & COMPANY
LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.
MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS.

OUR NEW FACTORY has been recently refitted with automatic Steam-Machinery the latest and most approved kind, and we are still able to compete in quality with the best British Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

LARGE BOMBAY "SODAS"

We continue to supply large bottles as heretofore, free of Extra Charge, to those of our customers who prefer to have them in the ordinary size.

COAST POET ORDERS.

When practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For COAST POETS, Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prior to the full moon, also for packages and Envelopes are received in good order.

Courier-order Books supplied on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is,
DISPENSARY, HONGKONG, And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock.—

PURE AERATED WATER
SODA WATER
LEMONADEFATIGUE WATER
SEITZER WATER
LITHIA WATER
SARSAPARILLA WATER
TONIC WATER
GINGER ALE

No Credit given for Bottles, which do not bear, or appear, to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Water, as such Bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & Co., LTD.
Hongkong, China, and Manila.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.
Our correspondence relating to the news columns above will be forwarded to the news columns addressed to us.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to us, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

A letter for publication should be written on one side of the paper, and the reverse side of the paper of the Daily Press should be left blank until 11 a.m. on the day of publication.

At that hour the copy is limited.

Telegraphic Address Press. Telephone No. 12.

MARRIAGE.
On the 26th November, at Christ Church, Yokohama, the Rev. Dr. Channing, Interim, M.A., son of General and Mrs. Channing, married Miss Anna Maria Crawford, daughter of Hugh Crawford, Esq., of Hackney, London.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 9TH, 1890.

A PROPOSAL has been made, we hear, to celebrate the Jubilee of the Colony by erecting a memorial building on the ground to be reclaimed in front of the City Hall. Two uses have been suggested for this building, one that of a library and museum, and the other that of a technical school. The ground to be reclaimed will be a very extensive area, of which the proposed building would occupy a comparatively small portion, the remainder being laid out as a public garden.

In the way of elegance and luxury the proposal leaves nothing to be desired. When the reclamation is completed the principal landing place will be at the foot of Wardley Street, and the visitor on landing supposing the proposal now under notice were carried out, could not fail to be favourably impressed by his first view of the city. On one side of the landing place he would see the library and museum standing in a carefully laid out garden, beyond this the City Hall, and between the two, at the intersection of the present Praya with Wardley Street and the lane to the east of the City Hall, two statues, one the Jubilee statue of Her Majesty the Queen and the other the statue of the Duke of Connaught which the Hon. C. P. CHARLES is going to present to the Colony to commemorate His Royal Highness's recent visit. Further to the east the eye would rest on the Cricket Ground with its green award and pretty little pavilion, while to the west there would be the magnificent building of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. If no place of the institution now proposed the City Hall reclamation should be covered with a mass of indifferent looking buildings, the architectural beauty of the City Hall would be in great part hidden, and the picture as a whole would be spoilt.

The idea of erecting on this ground a companion building to the City Hall, smaller than the latter but in harmony with it, and laying out the surrounding ground as gardens, from an aesthetic point of view is an excellent one, and if the proposal could be carried out the memorial would be in every way worthy of the Colony and of the occasion.

The question of ways and means has to be considered, however, and the proposal must be examined not only from the aesthetic but also the utilitarian point of view.

Can the colony afford to pay for the building, and, if so, would the result be worth the cost? And it must not be forgotten that the first cost would be the least part of the expense. A heavy sum would be required annually for maintenance. If the building were utilized as a library and museum, with a scientific curator in charge, as is, we understand, proposed, the annual

cost would not be less than \$10,000 a year, while a technical school could not be supported for less than twice that sum. It has been estimated that the building proposed could be put up for \$50,000. This sum may perhaps not be considered much beyond the Colony's resources, but would the subscribers feel inclined to go the length of raising an endowment fund of two or three hundred thousand? We may not. Would it be right, then, to hand down the annual charge to our successors? It seems appropriate that whatever we do by way of commemorating the Jubilee should be something complete in itself, something that we can hand down to future generations as a gift free of all further charge, and not something that might come to be looked upon as a white elephant, a gift no more valuable than mining shares with heavy calls due on them and no dividends in sight. It is difficult enough to collect subscriptions for the City Hall library and museum, and if those institutions were transferred to a separate building, we doubt whether the subscriptions would flow in any more freely. If the library were a circulating one, a revenue might be derived from subscriptions, but nothing like sufficient to pay for the museum with its scientific curator, and without a scientific curator the museum might just as well be left where it is. For a technical school we think it would be absolutely impossible to collect subscriptions, and the institution could never be made self-supporting.

If the promoters of the idea, either of the library and museum or of the technical school, can show us how these difficulties of maintenance can be met, the proposal to utilize the City Hall reclamation in the way suggested would be well worthy of consideration.

There will be a game of polo at Causeway Bay at half past four this afternoon.

There were 224 visitors to the City Hall Museum last week, of whom 161 were Europeans.

The Agents (Messrs. Adamsen Bell & Co.) inform us that the U. S. steamer *Parthia*, from the Director of Hydrography under the model Emperor of China, will arrive here on Saturday evening.

At the regular meeting of the Star of Southern China Lodge of Canton, held on Saturday evening, Bro. O. Molesworth was elected Warden, and Bro. S. N. Karwai, re-elected Treasurer, for the ensuing year.

The Agents (Messrs. Adamsen Bell & Co.) inform us that the China Shippers' Mutual steamer *Paddie*, from Glasgow and Liverpool, left Singapore for this port on Sunday, and may be expected here on the 12th instant.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock.—

PURE AERATED WATER
SODA WATER
LEMONADEFATIGUE WATER
SEITZER WATER
LITHIA WATER
SARSAPARILLA WATER
TONIC WATER
GINGER ALE

The Japan *Gazette* says that news was received in Yokohama on the 27th inst. that the steamer *Hiroko*, which went ashore at Bodrum in the early part of September, and on board of which the Customs authorities discovered 6,200 coins of silver, was last heard of at the port of *Yokohama*. It is to be hoped that the owners of a rum or thundershower did not always cause a suspension of the light.

The break in the supply of the electric light caused by the recent rain, has not yet been made good. Fortunately, last night arrangements had been made, and the gas was turned on, as of old, in the thoroughfares of the city. The Electric Company say it is to be hoped that the occurrence of a rain or thunderstorm will not always cause a suspension of the light.

The Band of the 1st A. and S. Highlanders will play the following programmes at the Office this evening, commencing at 7.45—

Overture ... "Fra Diavolo" ... Auber.
"Spanish" ... "The Bohemian Girl" ... Offenbach.
Selection ... "The Mikado" ... Gilbert.
Selection ... "Princess Ida" ... Sullivan.

The Imperial Hotel in Tokyo was formally opened (says the *Japan Gazette*) on the 20th ult. Government officials and prominent Tokyo gentlemen being among the invited guests. Marquis Hashisuka, Governor of Tokyo City, delivered a congratulatory speech to which Mr. Shibusawa Eitich, Director of the Hotel, responded. A band played music during the opening.

The notorious murderer and despoiler, Su Fei Yung, who was arrested by Inspector Quinquey on board the steamer *Yunnan* at the port of Ningpo, while the Inspector narrowly escaped with his life, and for whose arrest the Chinese authorities had offered a reward of \$10,000, was taken on board a Chinese junk about 8.30 p.m. yesterday under a strong armed escort of police, a guard of Acting Chief Inspector Gradoz. The grub boat left for China immediately after.

The Russian steam yacht *Tamara*, with the Grand Duke Alexander and Sergius on board, arrived at Singapore on the 28th November, having been delayed by the bad weather. The *Tamara* was said to be bound for the port of Ningpo, where she will remain until the 1st December.

His Lordship said he did not see how anything could be done.

Mr. Reece—The assignee might call a meeting for tomorrow.

His Lordship—But there are no funds to meet the expenses of underwriting to file an amended account.

Mr. Reece said there were two districts in which creditors could be convened if a meeting of creditors could be convened at once to see if any arrangement could be come to with the creditors. He advised the vessel was to take up the port of Wednesdays.

His Lordship—It is a paying concern and he is bankrupt! How do you make that out?

Mr. Reece—Such a thing may be possible, I suppose.

His Lordship—How long has this been going on?

Mr. Reece—The hotel was not opened until the 9th instant last.

His Lordship—Well, if it is a paying concern there must have been gross mismanagement or gross carelessness if it goes into bankruptcy in such a short time. I think I will adjourn the adjudicating and let him have his summons by the post office to have him coming into court to answer for an extraordinary amount.

Mr. Reece—An execution has been issued in the name of the creditor.

His Lordship—Well, if it is a paying concern and he is bankrupt! How do you make that out?

Mr. Reece—Such a thing may be possible, I suppose.

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through Council in any way? I understand that hon. members would be pleased to have some able opportunity of expressing their views on the bill, but I do think that where we have members of Council such as we have here, representing the different sections of the community, it is far more satisfactory that a measure should be considered by them as a whole than by a few formed into a select committee, and that is what has been done. The reason that this Bill is brought forward is that gambling has done and is doing great deal of harm here. The gambling that goes on here and elsewhere, I am persuaded, has the effect of taking away a good deal of money which might be more advantageously spent for the benefit of the colony. There is no object in making anything except what is for the real good of the community at large. There is no object in making this a Government question. The measure submitted for the good of the colony and is one on which I can assure official members will be glad to give their support. The measure is a good one. There were two alternatives before the Government. One was to bring in what has not been properly termed a drastic measure, if properly worked they would create a considerable amount of trouble, and the amount of gambling that goes on here would be increased. The other was to amend to some small extent the different Ordinances we have lived here. The only alternative for the consideration of the Government the first one was adopted as the measure to adopt, and the alterations were made by the hon. member to the effect that Chinese who may desire to carry on respectable clubs will be prevented from doing so under this Ordinance, or will be subject to strict police. I think if hon. members will take time to read the different sections of the bill, position themselves on them, they will find that such arguments are altogether applicable to this bill. I desire to make these few observations because, as I have already said, the subject in one that has been engaging my attention for a long time past, and it is one that is surrounded with difficulties, and it is one with regard to which many different opinions exist. But one of these is exactly the reason which has induced me to bring it forward. I should have been glad if I could have brought it forward before because I am afraid it is not likely to be received with much interest, and I thought it might be more judicious to bring it forward before one was, or the other, before the return of Sir William de Veon. However as the matter was so advanced it would not have been right to have cast it aside merely on account of the reason to which I have alluded. I therefore submit it to the Council to-day. If the hon. member formally carries this motion that matter he referred to a select committee, will be referred to a select committee, but in my opinion it would be better instead of referring the Bill to a select committee to read it the second time now and then deal with it in committee of the whole. Once the hon. member may have an opportunity of expressing his views on the bill, and when we come to consider this again, it may be possible the Council may wish to introduce some of the changes. The Bill is divided into six parts. The first part is very short and is merely preliminary, dealing with definitions of the second part deals with the master from the time of bankruptcy to discharge. The third part relates to the composition of property, the division of the bankrupt, the power of the trustee in relation to his property, and the distribution of the same among the creditors. The fourth part concerns the trustee, his duties, his remuneration, the accounts and books which he is to keep, and his expenses. The fifth part is technical and relates to procedure. The sixth part contains supplemental provisions. It provides for unreduced dividends and other funds, the punishment of fraudulent debtors, and there are some clauses which are entirely new. It provides for the administration according to law, and the action of the court of debts possessed when the debtor is unable to pay the debts thereof. Now I come back to part 1. First of all section 4 defines what acts will bring a debtor within the bankruptcy law, which are practically the same as those mentioned in sections 10, 14, 16, 18, and others of our old Ordinance. Certain specific acts which are made acts of bankruptcy, direct the transfer by the debtor of his property to trustees; second, any fraudulent conveyance, gift, or transfer of his property, thereby, departing out of the colony or remaining out of the colony with intent to defeat or delay his creditors, or, thirdly, secure any part of his property by contract. There is a clause which says that the debtor may be arrested and any money, books, or papers in his possession to be safely kept. Section 2 gives the Court the power to order redaction of the debtor's letters and telegrams, and for the discovery of his property section 26 gives the Court the power to examine his property to ascertain if he has failed to perform the due diligence required by him. The Court may also order the transfer of his property to himself. This is the principal act which will bring any person within the scope of the bankruptcy law. In regard to the other acts which make a debtor liable under the Ordinance, the creditor may file a petition against the debtor, and if the creditor succeeds in his petition the Court may, at its discretion, adjudge the debtor bankrupt. The third part is the principal changes which this Ordinance proposes to make in our present system. At present the adjudication, or discharge, in bankruptcy, and adjudication may be obtained either by a petition against the debtor or by the debtor filing a petition himself. If it is a creditor who seeks to obtain adjudication against the debtor, the present law requires him to file a petition, and the Court may then direct the debtor to appear before the Court and to indicate the date of his appearance. The present law does not provide for any summons to the debtor before adjudication, nor does it give the Court any power to refuse adjudication. This leads to very grave abuses. I have known myself many cases in which traders have carried on up to the very last moment, although for some time they have been unable to meet their engagements. They have collected every shilling of their property, might otherwise have secured what property, might otherwise have failed to their creditors, and when there has been nothing else to do they have sought the protection of the Courts, and the interest of their creditors to obtain the protection of their property of their assets amongst their creditors, for the purpose of escaping a warrant of arrest. Under the present system as soon as an adjudication takes place or the bankrupt has surrendered, he obtains protection from a number of actions against his creditors, and the court speaks in these words. I have here a statement, drawn up at my request, of the bankruptcies of the last five years from which it appears there have been 106, and of these only twelve have gone on to the end and obtained the discharge. The debtors have been protected in this way, the creditors did not succeed in obtaining a longer period of time, and the master dropped. Under the new Ordinance things will be very much changed. The debtor or a creditor may file a petition, and as soon as this is done the Court may appoint the official receiver to take immediate possession of the property of the debtor. Then, if he has in the present Ordinance, the bankrupt petition is to be heard eight days after service thereof, and the Court, on proof of certain requisites such as the act of bankruptcy, and the petitioner's debt, may make a receiving order, or if it is satisfied there are no debts, or if it is not in the power of the Court to make a receiving order, it may refine the order, and annul the same, for any other good cause which it may suffice to enter into the matter. This power of refusing to enter into the application if

that he has on any previous occasion been adjudged a bankrupt or made a statutory composition; or, A, that he has been guilty of any fraud or breach of trust; and then comes another provision which was inserted in one of the amending English Ordinances and reinserted in the Act of 1863, and which is designed to make it difficult for a creditor to sue a debtor against the property or person of the debtor or commerce or conduct him, discharge, he is always liable to be called upon by the trustee to give such assistance as may be possible. Part 3 relates to the administration of the property, and I have very little to say on this point, as the provisions of the new Ordinance are identical with those in the old. Part 4 relates to the payment of debts, and it will require to be thoroughly examined, because it is a very important part of the new Ordinance, and it is a matter of some importance for debtors here we have still as a matter of course imprisonment for debt, and it will require consideration whether the more making of a receiving order should be allowed to interfere with one of the ordinary remedies of a creditor, and the other section which does not permit the creditor to sue a debtor against his property. I think that is a good provision. With respect to a debtor in prison subsection 3 of section 10 says that if at the date of the receiving order the debtor is a prisoner under an execution for a civil debt, he shall not be entitled to his release unless by the payment of debts, provided, off, post-institutional expenses, and section 34 to the payment of local rates, wages or salaries of clerks, wages of laborers not exceeding \$100, and part of the premium paid on behalf of any apprentice. Section 35 makes available for the payment of debts, and the other section which does not permit the creditor to sue a debtor against his property. I think that is a good provision. 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TO BE LET.

TO LET.
N. O. 3. MORRISON HILL. Entry, 1st June.
Apply to G. C. ANDERSON,
10, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 2nd April, 1890. [188]

TO BE LET.

A GODOWN AT WEST POINT.

ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR of (Marine) Telegraph House.
VILLA POKPOLIN,
HEREZAY POINT, BORNEA ROAD, with
Tents Lava.
"THE HOMESTEAD," Mount Kellest.
FURNISHED.
Apply to

SHARP & CO.,
10, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 4th October, 1890. [188]

TO LET.

B BLUE BUILDINGS.
GROUND FLOOR of No. 2.
FIRST FLOOR of No. 3.
MAGAZINE GAP.
TWO SEMI-DETACHED HOUSES.
Ref \$45 per month.

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO. LTD.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1890. [255]

TO LET.

With Immediate Possession.
N. O. 9. UPPER MOSQUE TOWER.
Both Houses lately Cleared, Repaired,
and Painted. Rent moderate.

For particular apply to H. J. SAMSON,
No. 7, Connaught House,
Hongkong, 24th November, 1890. [216]

TO LET.

Immediate Possession.
H HOUSE No. 7. UPFER MOSQUE TOWER.
Cheap rental.

Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
Hongkong, 14th November, 1890. [208]

TO LET.

Possession 1st January, 1891.
The Underwriters are prepared to accept

FREE or MARITIME INSURANCES for
the above, now in the occupation of the
CHINESE EXPORT, IMPORT, and BANK CO.
PASSENGERS.

Apply to CARLOWITZ & CO.,
Hongkong, 1st November, 1890. [2340]

TO LET.

Immediate Possession.
OFFICES at No. 17, PRAYA CENTRAL (above
Messrs. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.'s
premises).

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO. LTD.
Hongkong, 23rd October, 1890. [216]

TO LET.

Two HOUSES at WILD DELL BUILDING,
Inter. Wan Chai Road.
A BUNGALOW & HOUSE on the
UPPER RICHMOND ROAD.

No. 1 RICHMOND TERRACE, Six Dwelling
Rooms, English Kitchen, Few Hours, Con-
siderable, well furnished Tennis Lawn.

Apply to HENRY HUMPHREYS,
Secretary,
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND
FINANCE COMPANY LTD.,
Hongkong, 2nd September, 1890. [1805]

TO LET.

TWO Comfortable and well Furnished BED-
ROOMS; with or without board.

Apply to No. 23 and 25 Queen's Road East,
Hongkong, 16th October, 1890. [2022]

KOWLOON.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.
"KIMBERLEY."

B BEAUTIFULLY Situated, containing
2 Dining-rooms, Drawing-room, two Bed-
rooms, and small Kitchen.

For further particulars, apply to W. S. MARTEN,
2, Duddell Street,
Hongkong, 28th June, 1890. [1490]

TO LET.

THE DWELLING HOUSE, No. 5. Wyndham
Street, at present in the occupation of
Otto Mail. Possession from the 1st
NOVEMBER NEXT.

Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.,
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1890. [2157]

TO LET.

N. O. 7 & 8, SEYMOUR TERRACE,
OFFICES & CHAMBERS in CONNAUGHT
Boulevard, Queen's Road Central.

OFFICES in VICTORIA BUILDING,
TUSCULUM, MAGAZINE GAP,
No. 4 OLD BAILEY STREET.

No. 3, GOUGH HILL, "THE PEAK."
Furnished.

Apply to DAVID SASOON, SONS & CO.,
Hongkong, 11th October, 1890. [40]

TO LET.

N. O. 8, LOWER MOSQUE TERRACE,
Applies to CHAN YAU,
No. 1, Lower Mosque Terrace,
Hongkong, 20th August, 1890. [1882]

KOWLOON.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.
NOS. 4 & 5, VICTORIA VIEW, contain-
ing Drawing-room, Dining-room, 2 good
Bed-rooms, and capital Tennis Ground.
near the Harbour, and have a splendid
view of Hongkong.

For further particulars, apply to W. S. MARTEN,
2, Duddell Street,
Hongkong, 20th June, 1890. [1498]

TO LET.

D DESIRABLE OFFICES & GODOWNS,
No. 13, Praya Central.

Apply to STOLTEBOFT & HIRST,
Hongkong, 28th October, 1890. [47]

TO LET.

H HOUSE at 12, WYNHAM STREET,
Applies to J. A. DE CARVALHO,
Hongkong, 1st December, 1890. [2588]

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES at the VICTORIA PEAK
near the Flagstaff, Immediate Possession.

Apply to E. JONES HUGHES,
Hongkong, 11th June, 1890. [1861]

THE PEAK BUILDING CO. LIMITED.
TO LET.

THREE FIVE-BEDROOM HOUSES No.
7, 8, & 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE, near Peak
Church. Gas laid on.

Apply to SECRETARY,
at Office 47, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, 11th June, 1890. [1865]

TO LET & FOR SALE

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
GODOWN No. 476, in MATHER STREET,
WAN CHAI.

APPLY TO EDWARD SCHELLHAAS & CO.,
Hongkong, 23rd October, 1890. [2284]

TO LET.

CRAIGELLACHIE, 8, BONHAM ROAD,
Applies to LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
Hongkong, 21st August, 1890. [1874]

OFFICES TO LET.
POSSESSION 1st JANUARY, 1891.

THE FIRST FLOOR of No. 6, QUEEN'S
ROAD CENTRAL.

APPLY TO GEO. R. STEVENS & CO.,
Hongkong, 6th December, 1890. [2582]

TO LET.

THE TOP FLOOR of No. 6, ICHHOUSE
Lane, consisting of Dining-Room, Drawing-
Room, and Three Bed-Rooms, with Bath-
Rooms, and Servants' Quarters attached. Rent
\$50 per month.

APPLY TO GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Hongkong, 26th November, 1890. [2494]

TO LET OR SOLD.

ON FAVOURABLE TERMS WITH IMMEDIATE
POSSESSION.

EIGHT HOUSES at "MOJINTON VIEW,"
Peak District, near Pleasant Gap.

If sold part of the Purchase money can re-
main on Mortgage.

APPLY TO JOHN A. JUPE,
Secretary,

THE AUSTIN ARMS HOTEL,
AND BILLIARD COMPANY LTD.,
Hongkong, 6th October, 1890. [1833]

TO LET.

OFFICES on the SECOND FLOOR of 2,
Queen's Road Central, lately occupied by
the New Oriental Bank, also the GROUND
FLOOR of the Building, suitable for Offices
or a Store.

APPLY TO LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
Hongkong, 1st August, 1890. [1722]

TO LET.

INSURANCES
SOUTH CHINESE FIRE & MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY OF
NEW ZEALAND.

PAID-UP CAPITAL & RESERVES, \$210,000

The Underwriters are prepared to accept
FREE or MARITIME INSURANCES for
the above, now in the occupation of the
CHINESE EXPORT, IMPORT, and BANK CO.
PASSENGERS.

APPLY TO CARLOWITZ & CO.,
Hongkong, 1st November, 1890. [2340]

TO LET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

The Underwriters are now prepared to
GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against
FIRE & Current Rates.

APPLY TO REUTTER, BROCKELMANN & CO.,
Hongkong, 1st July, 1890. [1722]

TO LET.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE
SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

RUSSELL & CO., Agents.

HONGKONG, 15th November, 1890. [2463]

TO LET.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Underwriters, having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, are prepared to
accept RISKS against FIRE and LIFE at Current Rates.

APPLY TO THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY IN LONDON.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.—
Fixed for 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
Fixed for 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
Fixed for 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.

On Current Deposit Accounts 2 per cent. per
annum on the daily balance.

Each Depositor will be supplied gratis
with a Pass-Book, which must be presented with
each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must
not make any entries themselves in their Pass-
Books, but should send them to be written up
at the office on the 1st and 15th of each month.

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